Global Repository of Available Guidelines for Responsible use of Antimicrobials in Animal Health

This repository by the World Veterinary Association contains a list of 102 guidelines, action plans and promotional material on responsible use of antimicrobials, covering a large number of countries, languages, and animal species. Access to these documents shall serve veterinarians and other health professionals to identify and implement best practices for antimicrobials use and to fight the development of antimicrobial resistance in veterinary medicine. It should be noted that while the repository captures a broad range of guidelines, it was created in 2019 and the included guidelines may be updated from time to time.

Antibiotic Use Guidelines for Companion Animal Practice

The 2nd edition of the Danish guidelines is a comprehensive document that includes five introductory chapters on general principles for rational antimicrobial use, patterns of antimicrobial use in Denmark, treatment of multidrug-resistant infections, interpretation of laboratory reports and perioperative antimicrobial prophylaxis in addition to the core chapters focusing organ and system specific guidelines. These guidelines are available in English, Danish, Polish and Chinese.

Australian companion animal guidelines

There are two comprehensive evidence-based companion animal guidelines available in Australia in 2023. The AUSTRALASIAN INFECTIOUS DISEASES ADVISORY PANEL (AIDAP) have released ANTIBIOTIC PRESCRIBING DETAILED GUIDELINES. DOGS & CATS. 2ND EDITION 2022. As noted by the Chief Veterinary Officer, Dr Mark Schipp, “These revised guidelines capture the latest scientific evidence on antimicrobial use in companion animals, so that they remain fit-for-purpose and assist in reducing the risk of antimicrobial resistance. It is a complete guide that not only covers antimicrobial indications but also assists with recommended treatments. The guide also encourages veterinarians to think about when to use antimicrobials, to avoid unnecessary use in the first instance.”

While from the University of Melbourne, the Australian veterinary prescribing guidelines were created in a collaboration between the University of Melbourne’s Asia Pacific Centre for Animal Health (APCAH) and the National Centre for Antimicrobial Stewardship (NCAS). These online guidelines are organized into two sections (medicine and surgery) and offer other useful tools including posters and booklets that can be downloaded, printed and displayed in the practice, a drug dose calculator and pharmacological information on the common antimicrobials used in Australian veterinary practice. Both guidelines are designed to be easily implemented in practice, providing readily available information, and are updated in response to feedback from veterinarians and availability of new evidence.
ISCAID guidelines for the diagnosis and management of bacterial urinary tract infections in dogs and cats

This peer-reviewed article published by the ISCAID Antimicrobial Guidelines Working Group in 2019 (Vet J 247: 8-25) provides recommendations for diagnosis and management of sporadic bacterial cystitis, recurrent bacterial cystitis, pyelonephritis, bacterial prostatitis, and subclinical bacteriuria. Issues pertaining to urinary catheters, medical dissolution of uroliths and prophylaxis for urological procedures are also addressed.

Antimicrobial use guidelines for treatment of respiratory tract disease in dogs and cats

This peer-reviewed article published by the ISCAID Antimicrobial Guidelines Working Group in 2017 (J Vet Intern Med 31: 279–94) contains guidelines for the treatment of bacterial causes of feline upper respiratory tract disease (URTD), canine infectious respiratory disease complex (CIRDC; previously known as canine infectious tracheobronchitis or kennel cough complex), bronchitis, pneumonia, and pyothorax.

Guidelines for the diagnosis and antimicrobial therapy of canine superficial bacterial folliculitis

This peer-reviewed article published by the ISCAID Antimicrobial Guidelines Working Group in 2014 (Vet Dermatol 2014; 25: 1–15) describes optimal methods for the diagnosis and management of canine superficial bacterial folliculitis in dogs, including isolation of the causative organism, antimicrobial susceptibility testing, selection of antimicrobial drugs, therapeutic protocols and advice on infection control. Guidance is given for topical and systemic modalities, including approaches suitable for management of infections caused by methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus pseudintermedius (MRSP).
Antimicrobial stewardship and infection control

University of Minnesota Handbook of Antimicrobial Stewardship in Companion Animal Veterinary Settings

This handbook published by the University of Minnesota in 2020 outlines approaches that veterinary professionals can take to implement the core principles of AS. The Handbook is organized to help readers to identify feasible actions for your facility, given the realities of your practice scope, staff, and resources.

Infection Prevention and Control Best Practices for Small Animal Veterinary Clinics

This comprehensive Canadian document provides the information needed to develop and operate an infection control program and establish basic infection control practices in small animal veterinary clinics, with specific emphasis on critical routine practices such as hand hygiene, and cleaning and disinfection. The document is relevant to all personnel who work in association with such clinics, including veterinarians, veterinary technicians and lay staff.

Recommendations for approaches to meticillin-resistant staphylococcal infections of small animals: diagnosis, therapeutic considerations and preventative measures

This clinical consensus guidelines published by the World Association for Veterinary Dermatology in 2017 (Vet Dermatol 28:304-e69) provides guidelines for the diagnosis, laboratory reporting, judicious therapy, personal hygiene, and environmental cleaning and disinfection that may help to mitigate development and dissemination of meticillin-resistant staphylococci in small animal veterinary practice.

ACVIM consensus statement on therapeutic antimicrobial use in animals and antimicrobial resistance

This consensus statement published by the American College of Veterinary Internal Medicine (ACVIM) in 2015 (J Vet Intern Med 29:487-98) provides guidance on the therapeutic use of antimicrobials in animals, balancing the need for effective therapy with minimizing development of antimicrobial resistance in bacteria from animals and humans.